PaperlinX (Europe) Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 04427116 30 June 2011

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PaperlinX (Europe) Limited
Directors report and financial statements
30 June 2011

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Directors' report

The Directors present their report, together with a set of audited accounts of the Company, for the year ended 30 June 2011

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is the holding of European investments on behalf of the PaperlinX Limited Group and it therefore derives income from its investments in subsidiary undertakings

Results and dividends

The loss for the financial year is £58,727,603 (2010 loss £1,239 000) Interim dividends of £nil were paid during the year (2010 £nil) and the directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2010 £nil)

Directors

The directors who served during the period and after the balance sheet date were as follows

DS Allen

PB Carr

Charitable and political contributions

The Company made no charitable donations and there were no contributions to political parties in the period

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

By order of the Board

PB Carr Director Huntsman House Mansion Close Moulton Park Northampton NN3 6LA

Dated 22-12-11

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Independent auditors' report to the members of PaperlinX (Europe) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of PaperlinX (Europe) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011 set out on pages 4 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www fre org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended.
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

· we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

TM Widdas (Senior Statutory Auditor)

1 Wodas

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
St Nicholas House

Park Row

Nottingham NG1 6FQ

Dated 3-/-/2

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Note	2011 £000	2010 £000
Operating loss	2	(210)	(61)
Impairment of investments	7	(39,000)	•
Income from shares in group undertakings Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	3 4 5	5,400 1,411 (26,396)	5 025 759 (10 452)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(58,795)	(4 729)
Fax on loss on ordinary activities	6	67	3 490
Loss for the financial year		(58,728)	(1 239)

There is no material difference between the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the results on an unmodified historical basis. All results arose from continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses other than above

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2011

	Note	£000	1102 £000	£000	2010 £000
Fixed assets Investments	7		208,854		247 854
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	56,417 4		54,358 3	
		56,421		54,361	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	9	(810)		(3,816)	
Net current assets			55,611		50 545
lotal assets less current habilities			264,465		298 399
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(180,547)		(155 753)
Net assets			83,918		142 646
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	11 12		15,158 133,437		15 158 133 437
Share premium reserve Profit and loss account	12		(64,677)		(5 949)
Shareholders' funds			83,918		142 646

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 23-12-11 and signed on its behalf by

P B Carr Director

Registered number 04427116

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds for the year ended 30 June 2011

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Loss for the year	(58,728)	(1 239)
Net movement in shareholders' funds	(58,728)	(1 239)
Opening shareholders' funds	142,646	143 885
Closing shareholders' funds	83,918	142 646
		

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

Basis of preparation

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards and under the historical cost accounting rules

The Company is exempt by virtue of s401of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its Group. The consolidated financial statements of PaperlinX Limited within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 13.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements", the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent company includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of PaperlinX Limited (a company registered and incorporated in Australia), the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures", and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the Group

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of PaperlinX Limited (a company registered and incorporated in Australia), the Company has taken advantage of exemptions not to apply Financial Reporting Standard 25 "Financial Instruments Presentation" and Financial Reporting Standard 29 "Financial Instruments Disclosures"

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis. The company has access to European asset backed facilities which provide the company with its day to day working capital requirements. The existence of these facilities together with cash flow forecasts that have been prepared by the directors provide a reasonable expectation that the Company has sufficient funds to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. Consequently, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholders' funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions

- they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company, and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a nonderivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholders' funds (see dividends policy), are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Investments

The Company's investments in group undertakings are shown at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value

Dividends on shares presented within shareholders funds

Dividends unpaid at the balance sheet date are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are appropriately authorised and are no longer at the discretion of the Company Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit or loss for the year and takes into account deferred tax because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by Financial Reporting Standard 19 "Deferred Tax"

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and gains and losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account

Derivative financial investments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value Derivative financial instruments are subsequently re-measured to their fair value with the resultant gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. However, where derivatives qualify for hedge accounting, the effective part of any gain or loss on the derivative financial instrument is recognised as a separate component of equity. The cumulative gain or loss is removed from equity and recognised in the profit and loss account at the same time as the hedged item or transaction.

2 Operating loss

No individuals were employed by the Company during either year. The directors received no remuneration for their services to the Company in the year (2010 £nil). The present directors are employed by, and receive remuneration for services from, a wholly owned subsidiary of the ultimate parent company.

The auditors' fee of £6,931 (2010 £3,851) in respect of the audit of these financial statements is borne by a wholly owned subsidiary of the ultimate parent company

3 Income from shares in group undertakings

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Dividend income from group undertakings	5,400	5 025

4	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2011	2010
		£000	£000
Receiva	ble from group undertakings	1,407	728
Other in	terest receivable	4	31
		1,411	759
5	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2011 £000	2010 £000
Payable	to group undertakings	26,396	10 452
			
6	Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
		2011	2010
1117		£000	£000
	tax on income for the period	(2,132)	2 822
	nent in respect of prior periods	2,968	668
	ding tax not recovered	141	-
Tatal a		977	3 490
	irrent tax charge d tax prior years	(1,044)	•
			2.400
Tax on	loss on ordinary activities	(67)	3 490
			
	s affecting the tax charge for the current period		
The cu	rrent tax credit for the year is lower (2010 higher) than the standard rate of co (2010 28%) The differences are explained below	rporation tax in	the UK of
27 370	(2010 2070) The differences are explained below	2011	2010
		£000	£000
	tax reconciliation ordinary activities before tax	(58,795)	(4 729)
12033 011	ordinary determines seriors task		
	ed current tax credit	(16,168)	(1 324)
Effects	of es not deductible	10,725	
	not taxable (income from shares in group undertakings)	(1,485)	(1 407)
	ear adjustments	2,968	(668)
	lding tax	141	-
	carried forward	4,796	(91)
Total o	arrent tax	977	(3 490)
Total C	and the		

6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

On 23 March 2011 the Chancellor announced the reduction in the main rate of UK corporation tax to 26% with effect from 1 April 2011 and a further reduction to 25% with effect from 1 April 2012. These changes became substantively enacted on 29 March 2011 and 5 July 2011 respectively. This will reduce the company's future tax charge accordingly.

Deferred taxation

There is a provision for deferred taxation of £1,044,000 (2010 End) relating to losses brought forward. There is an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £4,534,000 (2010 E1,044,000) in relation to losses incurred in the year

7 Investment

	2011	2010
	€000	£000
Cost and net book value	247,854	242 854
At beginning of year	-	5 000
Additions	(20.000)	
Impairment of investments	(39,000)	-

At end of year	208,854	247 854
	·	

The Company owns all of the ordinary shares of PaperlinX Investments (Europe) Limited, PaperlinX Services (Europe) Limited and PaperlinX Brands (Europe) Limited In the opinion of the Directors the value of the Company's investments in group undertakings is not less than the amount at which it is stated in the balance sheet

8 Debtors

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	33,120 20,094 1,044	37 842 7 794
Deferred tax asset Group relief Other tax and social security	2,132 27	8 722
	56,417	54,358
9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2011 £000	2010 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	810	3 816
10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2011 £000	2010 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	180,547	155 753

1	1	Share	capital
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Allotted, called up and fully paid 15,157,856 ordinary shares of £1 each	2011 £000 15,158	2010 £000 15 158
12 Reserves	Share premium £000	Profit and loss account £000
Balance at beginning of year Loss for the year	133,437	(5 949) (58 728)
Balance at end of year	133,437	(64,677)

13 Related party transactions

During the year, the company made transactions with other companies connected with the ultimate parent undertaking. In accordance with FRS 8 the company is exempt from disclosing these transactions in detail as they are disclosed within the financial statements of the ultimate parent undertaking.

14 Ultimate holding company

The Company's ultimate holding company and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is PaperlinX Limited, a company registered and incorporated in Australia. The consolidated financial statements of PaperlinX Limited can be obtained from the Company Secretary, PaperlinX Limited, 7 Dalmore Drive, Scoresby, Victoria 3179, Australia